GigaDevice Semiconductor Inc.

Device Limitations of GD32A513

Errata Sheet



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1. Introduction

This document applies to GD32A513 product series, as shown in <u>Table 1-1. Applicable</u> <u>products</u>. It offers technical guidance for using GD32MCU and provides workaround to current device limitations.

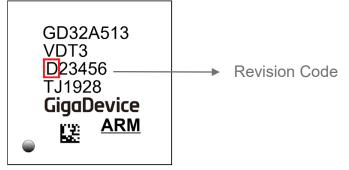
Table 1-1. Applicable products

Туре	Part Numbers
MCU	GD32A513xx series

1.1. Revision identification

The device revision can be identified according to the mark on the top of the package. The 1st code on Line 3 of the mark is the product revision code, as shown in *Figure 1-1. Device revision code of GD32A513*.

Figure 1-1. Device revision code of GD32A513



1.2. Summary of device limitations

The device limitations of GD32A513 are shown in <u>*Table 1-2. Device limitations*</u>, please refer to Section 2 for more details.

Module	Limitations	Workaround
Woulle		Rev. Code D
FMC	Power failure/reset results in MCU crash when write operation is performed for EEPROM	Ν
FMC	When the START command is sent after MER and FSTPG are set, PGSERR error flag is not set	Y
PMU	Frequent wake-up signal before and after MCU enters the standby mode results in wake-up failure in the standby mode	Ν
ВКР	Reading of BKP_DATA register after BKPRST is set results in MCU crash	Y

Table 1-2. Device limitations



Device Limitations of GD32A513

Module	Limitations	Workaround
wodule	Limitations	Rev. Code D
RCU	MCU in deep sleep mode cannot be woken up after DSLP_HOLD bit in DBG register is set	Y
MFCOM	When TMOUT is set to 0b'10 or 0b'11 under the condition that MFCOM is used as a UART receiver, the reset function of the timer encounters error	Y
MFCOM	When the baud rate is low under the condition that MFCOM is used as a UART receiver, the receiving of the data after the second frame encounters error	Y
550	MCU cannot enter the debug mode from the standby mode after STB_HOLD bit in DBG register is set	Y
DBG	MCU in the standby mode cannot be woken up after STB_HOLD bit in DBG register is set	Y
ADC	Over 5 V input voltage of PB13 pin results in incorrect voltage sampling of PD14 pin	Y
USART	Negative narrow pulse interference results in wrong data received by the serial port	Ν
TIMER	CHxCAPFLT and CHxCAPPSC can be set only if the bit is set twice after converting from the output mode to the input mode in PROT mode 2	Y
	A constantly high or low level in a cycle of PWM is output when the duty ratio is over 50% in the composite PWM mode	Y
	CAN mailbox 0 converted from receiving mailbox to transmitting mailbox fails to send the data frame	Y
CAN	As a transmitting node, CAN executes unexpected self- calibration function	Ν
	CAN manual bus off recovery function faults	Y

Note:

Y = Limitation present, workaround available

N = Limitation present, no workaround available

'--' = Limitation fixed



2. Descriptions of device limitations

2.1. FMC

2.1.1. Power failure/reset results in MCU crash when write operation is

performed for EEPROM

Description & impact

Power failure or reset of MCU results in data error of EEPROM in write operation, which causes system crash.

Workarounds

Not available.

2.1.2. When the START command is sent after MER and FSTPG are set,

PGSERR error flag is not set

Description & impact

PGSERR error does not occur when START is set after MER and FSTPG in FMC_CTL0 register are set during operation in bank0 area.

Workarounds

Make sure that MER and FSTPG are not set at the same time in the software during operation in bank0 area.

2.2. PMU

2.2.1. Frequent wake-up signal before and after MCU enters the standby mode

results in wake-up failure in the standby mode

Description & impact

When the internal signal STBY_CTL is reset to allow MCU to enter the standby mode, if Tglitch is less than 100 ns, MCU cannot be woken up because of incorrect output of Vcore due to narrow glitch.

Note: Tglitch is the time from low level of STBY_CTL to wake-up signal (PA0 is a high level).

Workarounds



Not available.

2.3. BKP

2.3.1. Reading of BKP_DATA register after BKPRST is set results in MCU crash

Description & impact

Reading of BKP_DATA register after BKPRST bit in RCU_BDCTL register is set results in MCU crash.

Workarounds

Make sure that BKPRST is reset when BKP_DATA register is being read.

2.4. RCU

2.4.1. MCU in deep sleep mode cannot be woken up after DSLP_HOLD bit in

DBG register is set

Description & impact

MCU in deep sleep mode cannot be woken up by EXTI after DSLP_HOLD bit in DBG register is set.

Workarounds

Switch the system clock to internal IRC8M before MCU enters the deep sleep mode.

2.5. MFCOM

2.5.1. When TMOUT is set to 0b'10 or 0b'11 under the condition that MFCOM

is used as a UART receiver, the reset function of the timer encounters

error

Description & impact

When TMOUT is set to 0b'10 or 0b'11, the reset function of the timer encounters error. When TMOUT output is opposite to the configured TMOUT, the reset signal set for TMRST will flip the TMOUT output. The lower 8 bits of the counter will be reloaded, but the operation of decrementing the higher 8 bits by one is not performed, causing an additional clock output by TMOUT.



Workarounds

- 1) When MFCOM is used as a serial port receiver, properly decrease TMCVALUE in TMCMPx register, and increase the baud rate.
- 2) When MFCOM is used as a serial port receiver, set TMRST[2:0] to 0'b000 (never reset the timer) and TMSTOP[1:0] to 0b'00 (disable the stop bit).

2.5.2. When the baud rate is low under the condition that MFCOM is used as a

UART receiver, the receiving of the data after the second frame

encounters error

Description & impact

When the baud rate of the serial port is low, the valid start bit of the next data cannot be received due to TMEN signal loss during counting of the stop bit, which causes the error in receiving subsequent data.

Workarounds

- 1) When MFCOM is used as a serial port receiver, properly decrease TMCVALUE in TMCMPx register, and increase the baud rate.
- 2) When MFCOM is used as a serial port receiver, set TMRST[2:0] to 0'b000 (never reset the timer) and TMSTOP[1:0] to 0b'00 (disable the stop bit).

2.6. DBG

2.6.1. MCU cannot enter the debug mode from the standby mode after STB HOLD bit in DBG register is set

Description & impact

MCU cannot enter the debug mode from the standby mode after STB_HOLD bit in DBG register is set.

Workarounds

Switch the system clock to internal IRC8M before MCU enters the standby mode.

2.6.2. MCU in the standby mode cannot be woken up after STB_HOLD bit in

DBG register is set

Description & impact

MCU in the standby mode cannot be woken up after STB_HOLD bit in DBG register is set.



Workarounds

Switch the system clock to internal IRC8M before MCU enters the standby mode.

2.7. ADC

2.7.1. Over 5 V input voltage of PB13 pin results in incorrect voltage sampling

of PD14 pin

Description & impact

As PB13 pin and PD14 pin belong to the same group of ADC multiplex channel (ADC1_IN15), over 5 V input voltage of PB13 pin results in electric leakage of PMOS on PB13 pin, then voltage increase of ADC1_IN15 to be close to 5 V, and finally PMOS breakover on PD14 pin, so that the voltage of PD14 pin is equal to that of ADC1_IN15.

The above case applies to any group of IO port with the same multiplex function among ADC.

Workarounds

Taking the IO port of PB13/PD14 pin as an example, increase the operating voltage of MCU so that the voltage of VDD/VDDA/VREF+ is equal to the maximum voltage on PB13 pin.

Note: As the reference voltage is changed, ADC conversion processing should be changed accordingly in the software. In this case, users should evaluate the system impact of such change.

2.8. USART

2.8.1. Negative narrow pulse interference results in wrong data received by the

serial port

Description & impact

Negative narrow pulse interference on the receiving data cable (Rx) of the serial port results in detection of wrong start bit by USART and data receiving error.

Workarounds

Not available.



2.9. TIMER

2.9.1. CHxCAPFLT and CHxCAPPSC can be set only if the bit is set twice after

converting from the output mode to the input mode in PROT mode 2

Description & impact

When complementary registers are set to PROT mode 2 for protection control and TIMER is converted from the output mode to the input mode, CHxCAPFLT and CHxCAPPSC bit fields can be set only if CMxMS bit in CHCTLx register is set twice.

Workarounds

Operation is not affected.

2.9.2. A constantly high or low level in a cycle of PWM is output when the duty

ratio is over 50% in the composite PWM mode

Description & impact

A constantly high level in a cycle of PWM is output when the duty ratio is updated from over 50% to below 50% in composite PWM mode 0; a constantly low level in a cycle of PWM is output when the duty ratio is updated from below 50% to over 50% in composite PWM mode 1.

Workarounds

Disable the shadow register in software, and update the comparative threshold through DMA request.

2.10. CAN

2.10.1. CAN mailbox 0 converted from receiving mailbox to transmitting mailbox fails to send the data frame

Description & impact

CAN mailbox 0 converted from receiving mailbox to transmitting mailbox fails to send the data again after sending a frame of data.

Workarounds

In the software, convert the receiving mailbox to the transmitting mailbox after reading the data in the receiving mailbox.



2.10.2. As a transmitting node, CAN executes unexpected self-calibration

function

Description & impact

When the delay (Tx-Rx readback time + 2*CK_CAN) is over a Tq, as a transmitting node, CAN executes self-calibration, which results in broadening of sent dominant level and communication error.

Workarounds

Not available.

2.10.3. CAN manual bus off recovery function faults

Description & impact

When the CAN is in bus off state due to bus short or other bus exception, which cause bus to remain in a recessive state, after enabling the CAN automatic bus off recovery (ABORDIS) function, the bus off recovery flag (BORF) will be set. If CAN is still at bus off state at this time, the bus off flag (BOF) will be set again. If bus off interrupt (BOIE) and bus off recovery interrupt (BORIE) are enabled, the corresponding interrupt process will be entered ceaselessly.

Workarounds

Stop mailbox transmission before enabling and disabling automatic bus off recovery function. Taking CAN1 as an example, the following reference code can be called in manual bus off recovery scenario.

```
{
    /* stop mailbox transmission */
    transmit_message.code = CAN_MB_TX_STATUS_ABORT;
    can_mailbox_config(CAN1, 1, &transmit_message);
    /* enable then disable bus off recovery function */
    can_auto_busoff_recovery_enable(CAN1);
    can_auto_busoff_recovery_disable(CAN1);
}
```



3. Revision history

Table 3-1. Revision history

Revision No.	Description	Date
1.0	Initial Release	Nov.20, 2023



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